

I  the Yocto Project

foss-north // Gothenburg 2018

Introduction



- Gordan Markuš
- Embedded Linux, Luxoft, PELUX, AUTOSAR Adaptive

Questions for the crowd

- How many attendees have built their own Embedded Linux image?
- How many attendees have used the Yocto Project?

```
$ systemctl start yocto-presentation
```

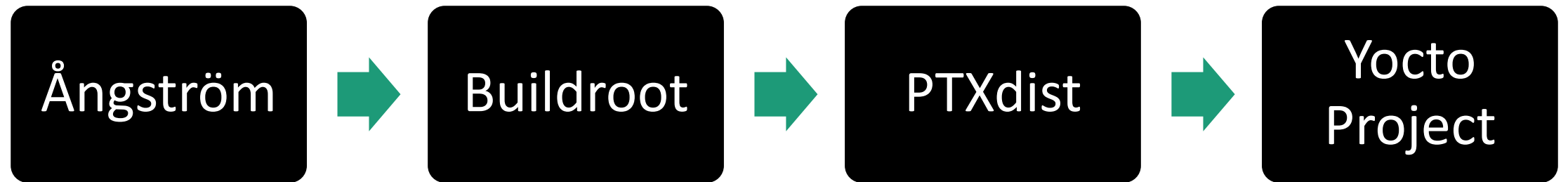
Embedded Linux Build Systems

- Goals
 - Creating custom Embedded Linux images
 - Cross-compiling applications
 - Packaging applications
 - Create integration points for custom software
 - Testing output binaries
 - Checking ecosystem compatibility

Embedded Linux Build Systems

- Buildroot
- OpenWRT
- PTXdist
- Yocto Project / OpenEmbedded
- ...

My Embedded Linux Path



What is the Yocto Project?

*„The Yocto Project (YP) is an open source collaboration project that helps developers **create custom Linux-based systems for embedded products**, regardless of the hardware architecture.“*

Yocto Project

- Core building blocks
 - OpenEmbedded-Core
 - BitBake
 - Poky

OpenEmbedded-Core

- Evolved from OpenEmbedded in collaboration with Yocto
- Compilation of components shared between OE based systems
 - Layers
 - Recipes
 - Classes

Yocto Recipe

- Metadata file
- Describes the component dependencies, build, deploy steps, etc.
- Specific syntax

```
1 #
2 # Copyright (C) 2017 Pelagicore AB
3 # SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
4 #
5
6 SUMMARY = "A template C/C++ library"
7 DESCRIPTION = "A C/C++ shared library blueprint"
8 AUTHOR = "Gordan Markuš <gordan.markus@pelagicore.com>"
9 HOMEPAGE = "https://github.com/Pelagicore/template-library"
10 LICENSE = "MPL-2.0"
11 LIC_FILES_CHKSUM = "file://LICENSE;md5=815ca599c9df247a0c7f619bab123dad"
12 PV = "1.0+git${SRCREV}"
13 PR = "r0"
```

Component information

```
14
15 SRCREV = "29d6dbd859d725ee6d10686ee5449069412de2c6"
16 SRC_URI = "git://github.com/Pelagicore/template-library.git;protocol=https;branch=master"
```

Source information

```
17
18 S = "${WORKDIR}/git/"
19
20 inherit cmake pkgconfig
21
22 PACKAGES = " \
23     ${PN} \
24     ${PN}-dbg \
25     ${PN}-dev \
26 "
27
28 FILES_${PN} += " \
29     ${libdir}/libtemplate-library.so \
30 "
```

Build and deploy
instructions

OpenEmbedded-Core

- Example recipes
 - ALSA
 - Busybox
 - cmake
 - autoconf

Yocto Layer

- Collection of recipes that have a common purpose
- Including a layer gives you the possibility to use its components
- meta- prefix

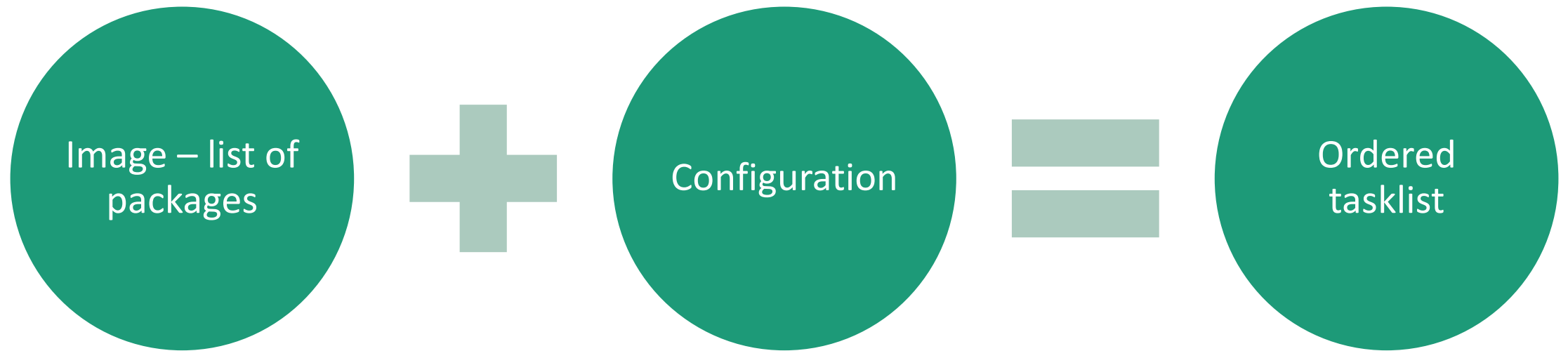
Yocto Layer

- Example layers
 - meta-qt5
 - meta-networking
 - meta-intel
 - meta-project-foo

BitBake

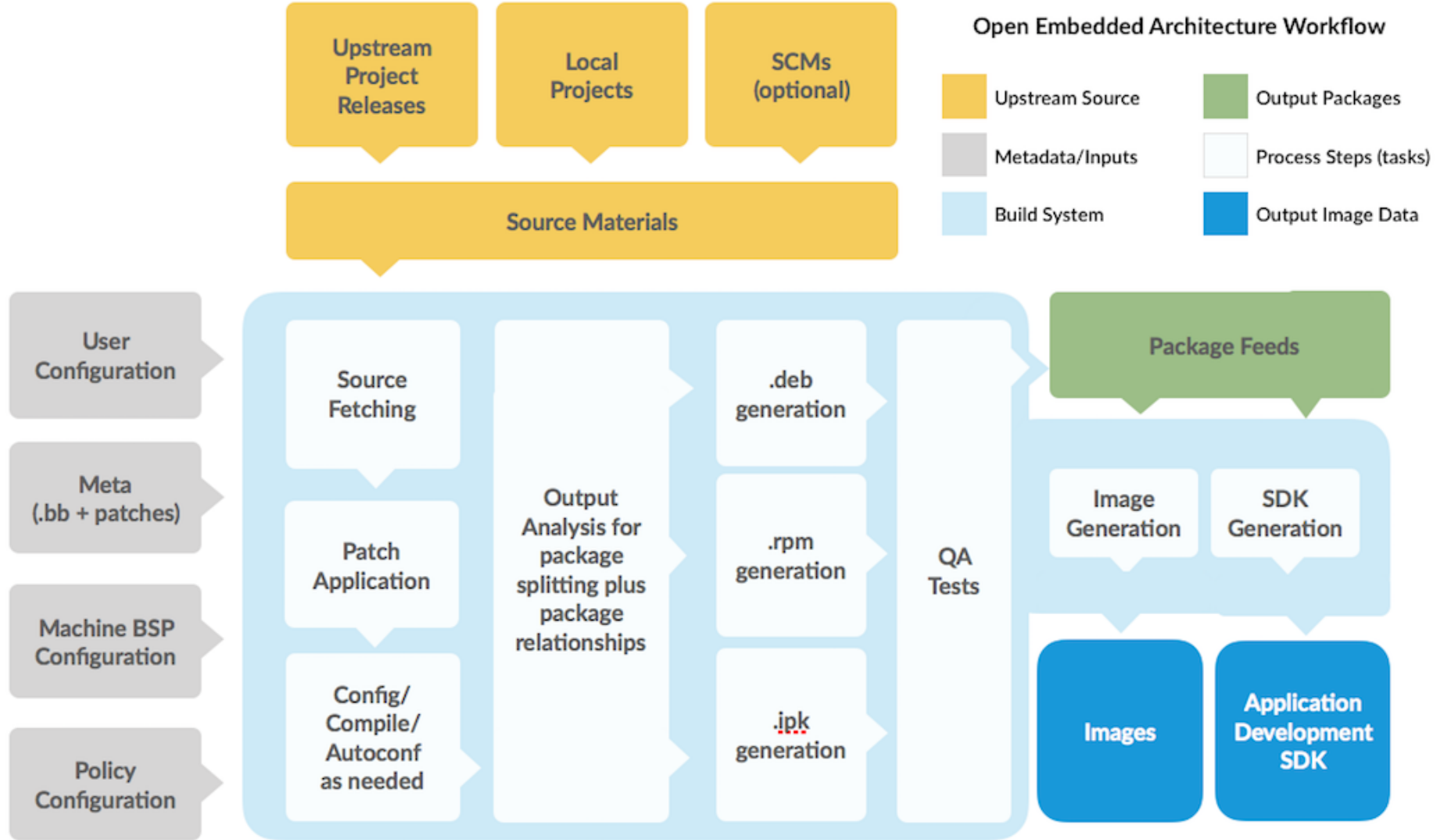
- Build engine
- Parses and interprets the metadata files
- Task scheduler

BitBake



Poky

- Yocto reference implementation
- Collection of tooling and configuration used to create a new distro

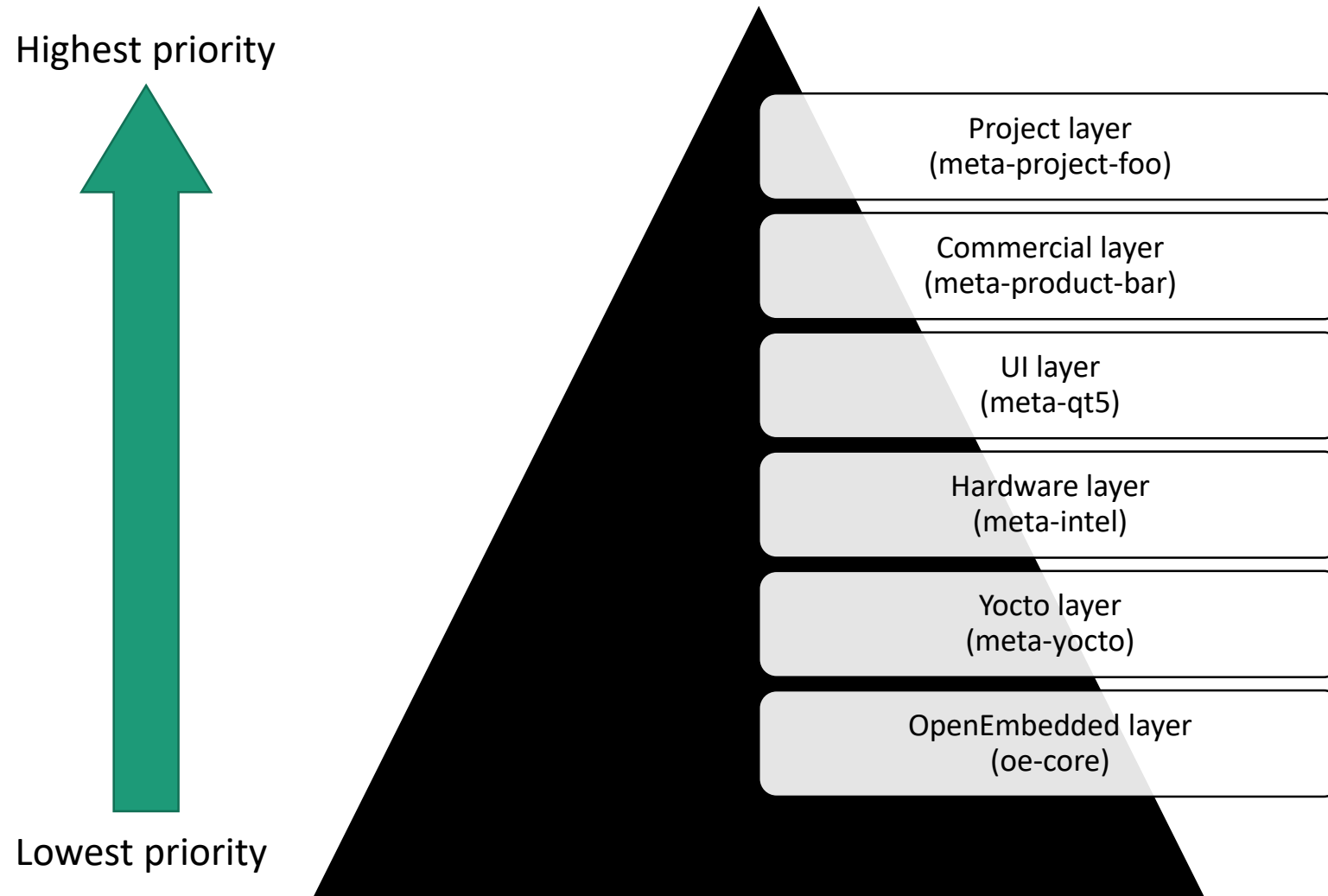


OK, great. But what are the cool parts?

Layered Approach

- Logical separation and aggregation of software components
- Hardware agnostic development
- Maintainability
- Reusability

Layered Approach



Development and Debugging

- Production image vs development/debug image
- Features grouped in IMAGE_FEATURES

Development and Debugging

```
48 # EXTRA_IMAGE_FEATURES allows extra packages to be added to the generated images
49 # (Some of these are automatically added to certain image types)
50 # "dbg-pkgs"      - add -dbg packages for all installed packages
51 #                  (adds symbol information for debugging/profiling)
52 # "dev-pkgs"      - add -dev packages for all installed packages
53 #                  (useful if you want to develop against libs in the image)
54 # "tools-sdk"     - add development tools (gcc, make, pkgconfig etc.)
55 # "tools-debug"   - add debugging tools (gdb, strace)
56 # "tools-profile" - add profiling tools (oprofile, exmap, lttng valgrind (x86 only))
57 # "tools-testapps" - add useful testing tools (ts_print, aplay, arecord etc.)
58 # "debug-tweaks"  - make an image for suitable of development
59 #                  e.g. ssh root access has a blank password
60 # There are other application targets too, see meta/classes/poky-image.bbclass
61 # and meta/packages/tasks/task-poky.bb for more details.
62
```


Development and Debugging

- Including dbg packages to the build – NOT FEASIBLE in the long run
- Creating a remote filesystem with debug symbols

```
# conf/local.conf
```

```
IMAGE_GEN_DEBUGFS = "1"
```

```
IMAGE_FSTYPES_DEBUGFS = "tar.bz2"
```

Development and Debugging

- Connect host GDB to the GDB server on the target
- Point to remote debugfs to find the debug symbols
- Profit

Testing

- Test image concept
- Automated runtime testing
- Virtualized or real hardware target

```
# conf/local.conf
```

```
TEST_IMAGE = "1"
```

Testing

- Set of predefined unit tests
 - ping, ssh, dmesg, syslog, etc.
- Easy to add custom tests

```
# conf/local.conf
```

```
TEST_SUITES_append = "ping ssh auto"
```

Testing

- Test results are available in the BitBake console
- Easy integration with the continuous integration system

License Compliance

- How to maintain compliance with various open source licenses during the product's lifecycle?

License Compliance

- Recipe variables
 - LICENSE
 - LIC_FILES_CHKSUM
- What happens if the LICENSE file changes between revisions?

```
6  SUMMARY = "A template C/C++ service"
7  DESCRIPTION = "A C/C++ source code repository blueprint"
8  AUTHOR = "Gordan Markuš <gordan.markus@pelagicore.com>"
9  HOMEPAGE = "https://github.com/Pelagicore/template-service"
10 LICENSE = "MPL-2.0"
11 LIC_FILES_CHKSUM = "file://LICENSE;md5=815ca599c9df247a0c7f619bab123dad"
12 PV = "1.0+git${SRCREV}"
13 PR = "r0"
```

License Compliance

- [QtWebEngine](#) license

```
1  SUMMARY = "QtWebEngine combines the power of Chromium and Qt"
2
3  # Read http://blog.qt.io/blog/2016/01/13/new-agreement-with-the-kde-free-qt-foundation/
4  LICENSE = "BSD & ( GPL-3.0 & The-Qt-Company-GPL-Exception-1.0 | The-Qt-Company-Commercial ) & ( LGPL-3.0 | The-Qt-Company-Commercial )"
5  LIC_FILES_CHKSUM = " \
6      file://src/core/browser_context_qt.cpp;md5=b5193b7d68699260f3b40b201365c8d2;beginline=1;endline=38 \
7      file://src/3rdparty/chromium/LICENSE;md5=0fca02217a5d49a14dfe2d11837bb34d \
8      file://LICENSE.LGPL3;md5=8211fde12cc8a4e2477602f5953f5b71 \
9      file://LICENSE.GPLv3;md5=88e2b9117e6be406b5ed6ee4ca99a705 \
10     file://LICENSE.GPL3;md5=d32239bcb673463ab874e80d47fae504 \
11     file://LICENSE.GPL3-EXCEPT;md5=763d8c535a234d9a3fb682c7ecb6c073 \
12     file://LICENSE.GPL2;md5=b234ee4d69f5fce4486a80fdaf4a4263 \
13     "
```


License Compliance

- Bill of materials
 - Source code
 - License text
 - Modifications

License Compliance

- Blacklisting licenses using the `INCOMPATIBLE_LICENSE` variable
- Manually remove dependencies on or provide alternatives to components that are required

License Compliance

- GPLv3 software is still a „big no-no!“ in certain industries 😞
- The goal is to prevent user modification on an embedded device

```
# conf/local.conf
```

```
INCOMPATIBLE_LICENSE = „ \
    GPL-3.0 \
    LGPL-3.0 \
    AGPL-3.0 \
“
```

License Compliance

- Exclusion using the [meta-gplv2](#) layer

*„This layer contains a set of recipes corresponding to old, obsolete versions of software that are **GPLv2 licensed where the upstreams have moved to GPLv3 licenses**. These were part of OE-Core until it was realised they are a ticking timebomb with regard to security updates and general maintenance.”*

To summarize

- Yocto is **fun**
- It has **awesome** features to ease your development
- It is hard to learn but it is totally **worth it**
- **Share** your experience with a technology you like

```
$ systemctl stop yocto-presentation
```

Question time!

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